

Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃ keramikos laidumo tyrimas

Conductivity investigations of Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃ ceramics

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The simple perovskite BiMnO₃ has received huge interest due to the coexistence of ferroelectricity and ferromagnetism. [1]. Multiferroic materials, in which electric and magnetic ordering coexist in a single phase, have attracted a lot of attention, as well as bismuth niobium manganate.

In this work we present broad band dielectric spectroscopy results of niobium bismuth manganite ceramic, Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃. Dielectric measurements were performed in wide temperature region (100 K – 500 K) at 20 Hz – 1 GHz frequencies. The new Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃ ceramics have been prepared by dry sintering, using a two-stage synthesis process in air [2].

We discuss results in terms of conductivity, specific resistance, and electrical modulus. At room temperatures the electrical conductivity dominates in the properties of ceramics. The electric conductivity σ^* has been calculated according to the equation: $\sigma^* = i\varepsilon^*\varepsilon_0\omega$. In Fig. 1 is presented the frequency dependency of conductivity at different temperatures for Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃ ceramics. The conductivity follows the Almond-West power law $\sigma(\omega) = \sigma_{DC} + A\omega^s$, where σ_{DC} is the DC conductivity and $A\omega^s$ is the AC conductivity. From these dependencies it is possible to determine DC conductivity. One can calculate activation energy (E_A) and pre-exponential factor σ_0 of the conductivity according to the Arrhenius law $\sigma_{DC} = \sigma_0 \exp(-E_A/kT)$ (Fig. 1 Inset). Obtained parameters are $E_A = 0.44$ eV and $\sigma_0 = 153$ Sm⁻¹.

Keywords: multiferroic, ceramic, dielectric.

References

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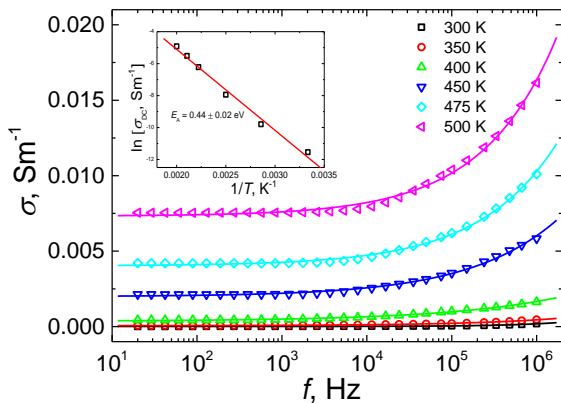


Fig. 1 Frequency dependencies of DC conductivity at different temperatures for Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃ ceramics. Inset, the 1/T dependence of σ_{DC} for Bi(Mn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃ ceramics.